Deutsche Bank Polska S.A.



Poland

Macroeconomic Commentary

Date

4 October 2021

Arkadiusz Krześniak

Chief Economist (+48) 22 579 9105 arkadiusz.krzesniak@db.com

Poland: Weekly Macroeconomic **Update**

LAST WEEK:

Government accepted draft budget for 2022 with -PLN30.9bn budget deficit. The draft envisages budget revenues of PLN481.4bn and budget expenditures of PLN512.4bn. According to budgetary assumptions general government deficit is envisaged at -2.8% of GDP and general government debt is envisaged at 56.6% of GDP. Draft budget bill envisages GDP growth of 4.9% in 2021 and 4.6% in 2022.

S&P Global Ratings affirmed long-term foreign currency credit rating of Poland (A- with stable outlook). S&P Global Ratings revised Poland's GDP growth forecasts to 5.1% in 2021 (from 4.5%) and 5.3% in 2022 (from 5.4%). The agency underlined that the main engine of growth would be private consumption, supported by strong labour market and loose fiscal policy while EU funds and Polish Deal would accelerate investments. S&P Global Ratings expects rate hike in the beginning of 2022 and forecasts reference rate at 1.0% in the end of 2022 and 1.5% in the end of 2023.

Minutes from MPC meeting on September 8 showed that the Council voted two motions (both were rejected): (1) a motion to hike reference rate to 2.00%, the lombard rate to 3.00%, the deposit rate to 1.00%, the rediscount rate to 2.01%, and the discount rate to 2.02%, and to set the interest rate on required reserves at 1% and (2) the motion to raise the reference rate by 15 basis points.

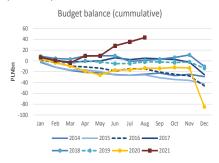
Manufacturing PMI fell to 53.4 in September from 56.0 in August and new orders index fell to 50.8 in September from 55.2 in August. Surveyed companies pointed to increase in costs of production, that stemmed, among others from disruptions in supplies and led to increase in output prices what in turn resulted in decline in new orders. Companies reported staff shortages what resulted in only small increase in employment and decline in stocks of finished goods.

Flash inflation for September surprised on the upside, as consumer prices rose by 0.6% m/m and increased by 5.8% y/y. In September, food prices rose by 0.1% m/m and 4.4% y/y, energy prices were up 0.8% m/m up and 7.2% y/y up and fuel prices were 2.0% up m/m and rose by 28.6% y/y. Inflation is very likely to be significantly above 6% in December 2021, exerting pressure on the MPC to hike interest rates earlier. New NBP projection in November will show significantly higher inflation path in coming quarters.

THIS WEEK:

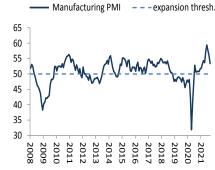
The main event this week is MPC policy meeting on Wednesday and following press conference of NBP President. Much higher than expected consumer inflation that is likely to be elevated in Q1 2022, in our view, will prompt the MPC to hike interest rates by 15bps in November and to hike by 25bps in Q1 2022 and by 25bps in Q2 2022.

Figure 1: Central budget balance (PLNbn)



Source: Ministry of Finance

Figure 2. Manufacturing PMI



Source: Markit

Figure 3. Inflation (y/y growth)



Source: Statistics Poland

Poland: Weekly Macroeconomic Update



DIARY (this week)

Date	GMT	Release/Event	DB Expected Actual	Consensus
Oct-06		MPC decision	0.10%	0.10%
Oct-07	12:00	Official reserve assets (Sep)		

Source: Deutsche Bank Estimates., Reuters and Bloomberg Finance LP

FX and interest rate forecasts

						WIBOR	WIBOR	EURIBOR	LIBOR	CPI	Yield on 10Y		
	EUR/PLN	USD/PLN	CHF/PLN	GBP/PLN	EUR/USD	3M	6M	3M	USD 3M	(Poland)	POLGB		
(end of period)													
Oct-21	4.560	3.913	4.248	5.309	1.165	0.25	0.33	-0.52	0.18	6.2	2.30		
Nov-21	4.530	3.896	4.227	5.273	1.163	0.39	0.49	-0.51	0.20	6.2	2.35		
Dec-21	4.500	3.879	4.206	5.237	1.160	0.45	0.55	-0.50	0.20	6.3	2.40		
Jan-22	4.503	3.871	4.199	5.232	1.163	0.50	0.60	-0.50	0.20	5.8	2.42		
Feb-22	4.506	3.862	4.192	5.227	1.167	0.65	0.75	-0.50	0.20	5.7	2.45		
Mar-22	4.510	3.855	4.186	5.223	1.170	0.70	0.80	-0.50	0.20	4.9	2.45		
Apr-22	4.512	3.845	4.178	5.217	1.173	0.75	0.87	-0.50	0.20	4.6	2.45		
May-22	4.512	3.835	4.168	5.209	1.177	0.90	1.03	-0.50	0.20	4.4	2.45		
Jun-22	4.510	3.822	4.157	5.198	1.180	0.90	1.04	-0.50	0.20	4.7	2.50		
Jul-22	4.505	3.807	4.143	5.184	1.183	0.90	1.05	-0.50	0.20	4.4	2.50		
Aug-22	4.500	3.792	4.128	5.170	1.187	0.90	1.05	-0.50	0.20	4.2	2.50		
Sep-22	4.495	3.777	4.114	5.156	1.190	0.90	1.05	-0.50	0.20	3.9	2.50		

Note: Due to Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds and amending Directives 2008/48/EC and 2014/17/EU and Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 the way of calculation of WIBOR rates and their values may be subject to change.

Note 2: Due to increased market variability and changes in monetary and fiscal policies, forecasts are subject to higher than usual uncertainty.

Source: Deutsche Bank Polska S.A.

Poland: Weekly Macroeconomic Update



Appendix 1

Important Disclosures

Additional information available upon request

Deutsche Bank Polska S.A. represents that the data contained in this publication are of information nature only, and the content presented herein does not constitute an offer within the meaning of Art. 66 of the Civil Code of 23 April 1964, an invitation to offer or a recommendation to enter into any transaction. This publication may not be treated as advice and does not perform any function of advice. All information used in this publication has been obtained from generally accessible sources which are generally recognized as reliable. Deutsche Bank Polska S.A. has exercised due diligence to verify the above information and bring it up to date, but it disclaims any and all liability for its accuracy or completeness, or for any damage that the Client or third parties may incur as a result of decisions made in reliance on the information contained in this publication.

The transactions or products listed herein may not be appropriate for all investors. Before making a decision on entering into a transaction or acquiring a product the Client should, without relying only on the information provided in this publication, make an independent assessment of the economic risk of such transaction and his ability to incur it, its tax and legal nature, the legal consequences of the transaction and potential benefits and losses associated with it, as well as assess the market characteristics. The assumptions, simulations and opinions contained in this publication constitute the sole judgment of Deutsche Bank Polska S.A.'s / persons preparing it as at the date of publication of this document which is subject to change without a requirement to publish it. Any and all projections are based on assumptions pertaining to market conditions and there is no guarantee that any projected results will be achieved. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

Deutsche Bank Polska S.A. represents that the information presented above should not be in any case treated by the Client as Deutsche Bank Polska S.A.'s recommendation or advice. This publication may not be duplicated or distributed in any way, in particular through mass media, without the prior written consent of Deutsche Bank Polska S.A., al. Armii Ludowej 26, 00-609 Warsaw, NIP no. 676-01-07-416, District Court for the capital city of Warsaw, 12th Corporate Division of the National Court Register, file number KRS 0000022493, share capital PLN 1,744,449,384 paid up in full.

Analyst Certification

The views expressed in this report accurately reflect the personal views of the undersigned lead analyst(s). In addition, the undersigned lead analyst(s) has not and will not receive any compensation for providing a specific recommendation or view in this report. Arkadiusz Krześniak